## The Ideal Gas Law

Name: $\qquad$

1) Calculate the universal gas constant ( $R$ ) for 1 mole of NO, occupying 22.4 L of volume at standard temperature and pressure.
2) What is the volume occupied by 0.005 moles of an ideal gas under 1.32 atm of pressure and at a temperature of $300^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ?
3) How many moles of chloroform, $\mathrm{CHCl}_{3}$, are required to fill a 100 ml flask at 373 K and a pressure of 1.25 atm ?
4) At what pressure will a 6.70 moles sample of nitrogen gas be in a 300 L tank at 250 K ?
5) What temperature is a 0.375 moles sample of oxygen gas at when it is in a 7800 mL tank at 1.7 atm ?
6) If 14.8 moles of argon gas are in a 400 L balloon at $36^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, what is the pressure inside the balloon?
7) 1.5 moles of chlorine gas is in a 3.0 L container at a pressure of 1200 kPa . What is the temperature of the gas?
8) A sample of $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ gas in a syringe at a pressure of 750 mmHg has a volume of 30 mL at $19{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. How many moles of $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ are in the syringe?
Answers: 2) 0.178 L
9) 0.0041 moles
10) 431 K
11) 0.00123 moles
